

User Manual

Single phase LV Off-grid Inverter
Isuna 3000SO-6000SO



Shenzhen Sinexcel Isuna
Energy Technology Co.,LTD.

Catalogue

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1. Overview

This Manual mainly introduces the product information, installation, electrical connection, configuration commissioning, troubleshooting and maintenance, and technical parameters of Residential energy storage single phase off-grid inverter. Before installing and using this product, please read this Manual carefully to understand the safety information and be familiar with the functions and features of the product. The Manual is subject to update. Please obtain the latest version from the official website to get more product information.

1.1 Scope of Application

This document applies to the inverters of the following models:

Model	Rated output power	Rated output voltage
Isuna 3000SO	3000W	220V, L/N/PE
Isuna 4000SO	4000W	
Isuna 5000SO	5000W	
Isuna 6000SO	6000W	

1.2 Intended Users

This Manual is only suitable for professional technicians who are familiar with local regulations, standards and electrical systems, have received professional training, and are familiar with the relevant knowledge of this product.

1.3 Symbols Used in This Manual

In order to ensure the user's personal and property safety when using the PV inverter, and to use the product efficiently, relevant safety operation information is provided in this Manual and highlighted with corresponding symbols. Please fully understand and strictly abide by below emphasized information to avoid personal injury and property damage. The symbols used in this manual are listed below.



Indicates a highly hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.



Indicates a hazard with a medium level of risk that could result in death or serious injury if not

avoided.



Indicates a hazard with a low level of potential that, if not avoided, could result in moderate or minor injury.



Indicates a potentially hazardous situation that, if not avoided, may cause equipment failure or property damage.

2. Safety Precautions

The safety precautions contained in this document must be followed when operating the inverter.



- The inverter has been designed in strict accordance with safety regulations and has passed the tests. However, as an electrical device, you must comply with relevant safety instructions before performing any operation on the device. Improper operation may result in serious injury or property damage.

2.1 Operation Safety



- Read this manual carefully before installing the device to understand the products and precautions.
- All operations on the equipment must be carried out by professional electrical technicians who are familiar with the local standards and safety regulations.
- When operating inverters, use insulation tools and wear personal protective equipment. Wear ESD gloves, an ESD wrist strap, and an ESD suit when touching electronic components to prevent damage caused by static electricity.
- The manufacturer shall not be liable for inverter damage or personal injury caused by failure to install, use, or configure the equipment in accordance with the requirements of this manual.

2.2 PV String Safety



- Use the DC wiring terminal delivered with the chassis to connect the DC cables of the inverter. Use of other types of DC terminals may cause serious consequences. Therefore, the manufacturer is not responsible for the damage to the device.



- Ensure that the assembly frame is properly grounded to the support system.
- After connecting DC cables, ensure that the cables are securely connected.
- Use a multimeter to check whether the positive and negative DC wiring terminals of the battery are connected correctly and the voltage is within the allowable range.
- Do not connect the same PV series to multiple inverters; otherwise, the inverters will be damaged.

2.3 Battery Safety



- Read the battery safety contents in the user manual carefully before installing the device, and strictly follow the instructions in the user manual.
- The battery current may be affected by external environment, such as temperature and humidity, which may cause battery current limiting and affect battery on-load performance.
- If the battery does not start, contact the after-sales service center as soon as possible. Otherwise, the battery may be permanently damaged.
- Use a multimeter to check whether the positive and negative DC wiring terminals of the battery are connected properly and the voltage is within the allowable range.
- Do not connect the same battery string to multiple inverters. Otherwise, the inverters may be damaged.

2.4 Inverter Safety



Warning

- Ensure that the voltage and frequency of the grid-connected access point comply with the inverter grid-connected specifications.
- A protection device, such as a circuit breaker or fuse, is recommended for the AC side of the inverter. Ensure that the protection device is greater than 1.25 times the maximum AC output current of the inverter.
- The GND cable for the inverters must be securely connected. When multiple inverters are combined, ensure that the protection ground points on all inverters' chassis shells are equipotential connected.
- If the battery is not configured in the photovoltaic system, it is not recommended to use the off-grid function, and the resulting system electricity risk will not be covered by the equipment manufacturer's warranty.

2.5 Personnel Requirements




Attention





- When the inverter is running, some components may be charged or hot. Improper use, incorrect installation, or operation may result in serious injury to person or property. Transportation, loading, unloading, installation, starting and maintenance operations must be performed by qualified electrical engineers.

2.6 Description of Symbols

There are some safety-related labels on the single -phase hybrid inverter. Please read and fully understand these labels before installing the product.

Symbol	Symbol name	Symbol meaning
	It indicates the danger of residual voltage in the inverter.	Please wait for 5 minutes until the capacitor is completely discharged after the DC side of the inverter has been disconnected with power for a period of time.

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	It indicates the danger of high voltage.	High voltage exists during inverter operation. If you need to operate the inverter, please make sure the inverter is disconnected.
	It indicates to be careful of high temperature surface.	The temperature of inverter housing is high during operation, so do not touch it, otherwise it may cause burns.
	It indicates grounding terminal.	Connect the inverter to ground for grounding protection purpose.
	It indicates reading the manual.	Please read and understand this manual carefully before installing the inverter.

3. Equipment Inspection and Storage

3.1 Pre-signing Inspection




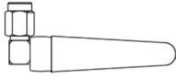



Before signing for the product, please check the following:

- Check the outer packing for holes, distortions, cracks, or other signs that may cause damage to the equipment in the packing case. If so, do not open the packing and contact your distributor.
- Check whether the inverter type is correct. If not, do not open the package and contact your dealer.
- Check whether the type and quantity of the delivered package are correct and whether the appearance is damaged. If damaged, please contact your dealer.




3.2 Packing List

After the inverter is unpacked, check whether the delivered package are complete. If any components are found missing or incomplete, contact the dealer in time.

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No.	Picture	Description	Quantity
1	 A large, rectangular, silver-colored inverter with a digital display and control buttons on the front panel. The brand name 'ISUNA' is visible on the top surface.	Inverter	1PC
2	 A standard spirit level with a clear bubble vial and a metal frame.	Bubble level	1PC
3	 A simple L-shaped hex key.	3mm hex wrench	1PC
4	 A long, thin, cylindrical component, likely a communication cable or probe.	Parallel communication line	1PC
5	 A coiled cable with two black connectors at the ends.	BMS communication line	1PC
6	 A coiled cable with two black connectors at the ends, similar to item 5.	Grounding screw M5*10	1PC
7	 A metal expansion anchor bolt with a hexagonal head and a threaded shaft.	Expansion anchor bolts M8*80	1PC

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8		User Manual	2PCS
9		Warranty Card	1PC
10		Parallel communication line	1PC

3.3 Equipment Storage

If the inverter is not put into use immediately, store it according to the following requirements:

- Ensure that the outer packing case is not removed and the desiccant is not lost.
- Ensure that the storage environment is clean and within appropriate temperature and humidity ranges.
- Ensure that inverters are placed in the height and direction according to the labels on the packing cases.
- Ensure that there is no tilt and fall risk after inverters are stacked.
- After the inverter is stored for a long time, check and confirm the inverter before it can be used.

4.Product Description

4.1 Product Overview

Residential energy storage single phase off-grid inverter integrates PV off-grid inverter and battery energy storage, and has built-in multiple working modes to meet the diverse needs of users. In the period of rising energy costs such as oil and coal, the declining energy subsidies of PV grid-connected systems, mountainous areas without grids or base stations with uninterrupted power supply and emergency power supply needs, Residential energy storage single phase off-grid inverter can provide a complete solution.

4.2 Application Scenario



Warning

- The photovoltaic system is not suitable for devices that rely on stable power supply, such as life-sustaining medical devices. Ensure that no personal injury is caused when the system is powered off.
- Do not use a load with a high starting current in the photovoltaic system. Otherwise, the off-grid output may fail due to excessive instantaneous power.
- When the inverter overload protection occurs for a single time, the inverter can automatically restart; If it happens several times, the inverter will stop, and after the fault is rectified, the inverter can be restarted immediately through the App.
- If the load capacity exceeds the rated power of the inverter during power failure, the off-grid function of the inverter automatically shuts down. To start, turn off the large load and ensure that the load power is smaller than the rated power of the inverter.
- When the inverter is in off-grid mode, it can be used normally for ordinary household load.
- Inductive load: 1.5P non-variable frequency air conditioners are supported. The standby mode may be unstable if two or more non-variable frequency air conditioners are connected.
- Capacitive load: total power $\leq 0.7 \times$ rated output power of inverter.

4.3 Appearance Description

4.3.1 Appearance Description

Please carefully inspect the packaging and accessories of the product before installation.

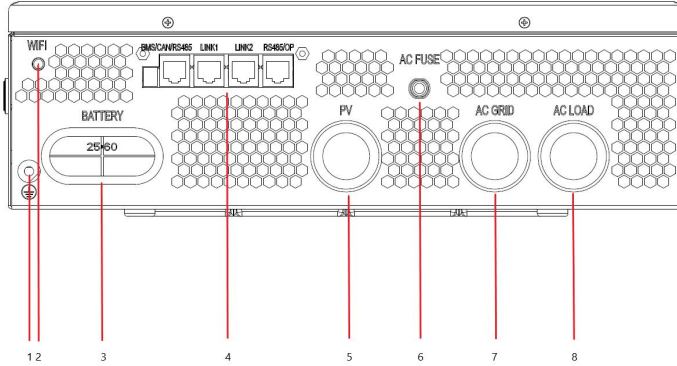


Figure 4.1 Appearance of the inverter

Table 4-1 Appearance of the inverter

1	Multifunctional communication interface	5	PV DC input port (PV+/-)
2	WiFi antenna	6	Overload reset button
3	Battery DC input port (BAT+/-)	7	Grid AC wiring port
4	Multifunctional communication interface	8	Load wiring port



Battery power button

4.3.2 Size Description

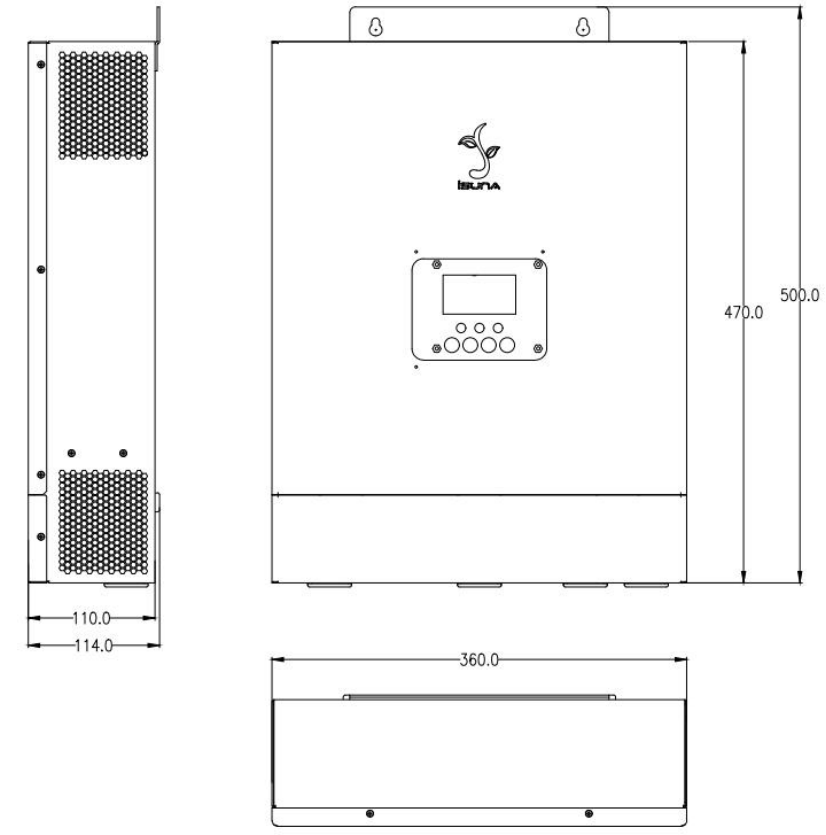


Figure 4.2 Inverter dimensions

5 Installation

5.1 Installation Requirements

5.1.1 Installation Environment Requirements

- 1) The equipment must not be installed in flammable, explosive, corrosive and other environments.
- 2) The installation position should be away from water pipes and cables in the wall to avoid danger during drilling.
- 3) The installation position should be out of the reach of children, and avoid installation in a position that is easy to touch. There may be high temperature on the surface of the equipment during operation to prevent burns.
- 4) The inverter should avoid the installation environment such as sun, rain, snow, etc. It is recommended to install it in a sheltered installation position. If necessary, an awning can be built.
- 5) The installation space must meet the requirements of ventilation, heat dissipation and operation space.
- 6) The protection level of the equipment complies with the requirements for indoor and outdoor installation, and the installation environment temperature and humidity must be within the appropriate range.
- 7) Make sure that the inverter indicator light and all labels are easy to view and that the terminal is easy to operate.
- 8) The inverter installation altitude should lower than the maximum working altitude 4000m.
- 9) Stay away from strong magnetic field environment to avoid electromagnetic interference. If a radio station or a wireless communication device below 30MHz is located near the installation location, install the device according to the following requirements:
 - Add a ferrite core with multi-turn winding at the inverter DC input line or AC output line, or add a low-pass EMI filter.
 - The distance between the inverter and the wireless electromagnetic interference device exceeds 30m.

5.1.2 Mounting Carrier Requirements

- 1) The installation carrier must not be flammable material and must have fire resistance.



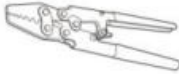
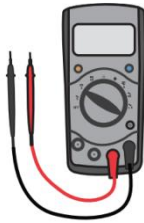
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2) Please ensure that the installation carrier is solid and reliable, and can carry the weight of the inverter.





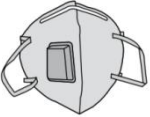
3) When the equipment is running, it will make noise. Do not install it on the carrier with poor sound insulation, so as to avoid the noise emitted by the equipment when it is working, which will cause trouble to residents in the living area.

5.2 Mounting Tools

Table 5-1 List of installation tools

Series No.	Tools	Description	Function
1		Percussion drill Recommended 10mm drill	Wall drilling
2		Wire strippers	Stripping wire
3		Crimping pliers	Crimping PV and BAT cables
4		Multimeter	Check whether the cable wiring is correct, the positive and negative battery terminals are correct and voltage, and grounding is reliable

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5		Marking pen	Drilling mark
6		Tape	Measurement distance
7		Protective gloves	Wear when setting up the inverter
8		Goggles	Wear when drilling holes
9		Dust mask	Wear when drilling holes

5.3 Inverter Transportation

Remove the inverter from the outer packaging and carry it horizontally to the designated mounting position. Open the outer packaging box and the two operators need carry the inverter out of the outer packaging box and carry it to the designated mounting position.

 Caution

- When carrying out the transportation, turnover, and installation, you must comply with the laws, regulations and related standards of the country or region where you are located.
- The inverter is heavy. Please keep it balanced during handling to prevent the inverter from falling and injuring the operator.
- The power cable and signal cable ports at the bottom of the inverter cannot bear any weight. Do not touch wiring terminals directly. Place the inverter horizontally.
- When the inverter is placed on the ground, put foam or paper under it to avoid damage to the shell.

5.4 Wall Mounted



- When drilling holes, ensure that the holes are drilled away from water pipes and cables in the wall to avoid dangers.
- When drilling holes, wear goggles and a dust mask to prevent dust from inhaling into the respiratory tract or falling into the eyes.

Step 1: Please choose a wall with sufficient load-bearing capacity, according to the wall bracket on the level will be wall bracket level to the installation wall, with a marker pen on the wall to mark the fixed wall bracket to be drilled position, and then use the impact drill to drill holes in the wall, drilling to keep the impact drill perpendicular to the wall, do not shake, so as to avoid damage to the wall, if the holes drilling error is large need to be re-positioned;

Step 2: Insert the M8*80 expansion screws vertically into the holes, pay attention to the depth of the expansion bolts should not be too shallow;

Step 3: Place the wall bracket against the hole, and fix the wall bracket on the wall with the nut;

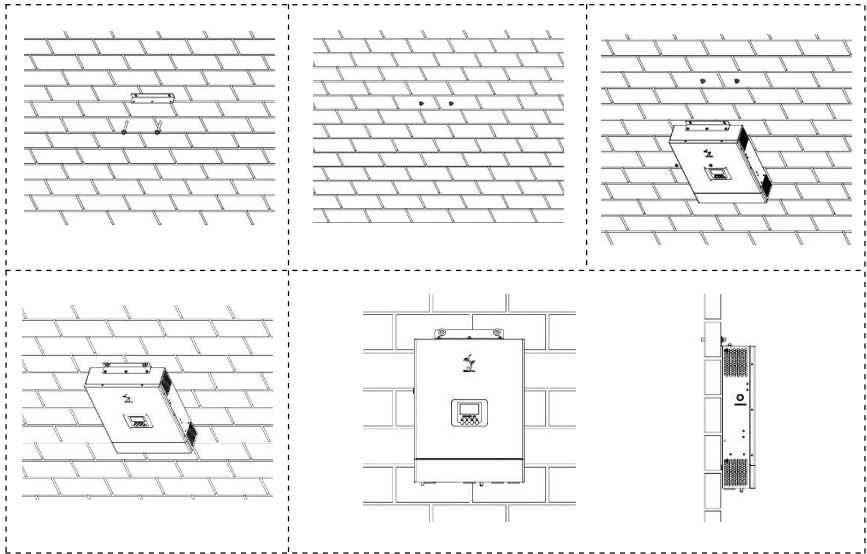


Figure 5.1 Illustrative diagram for installation of wall hangings

6. Electrical Connection

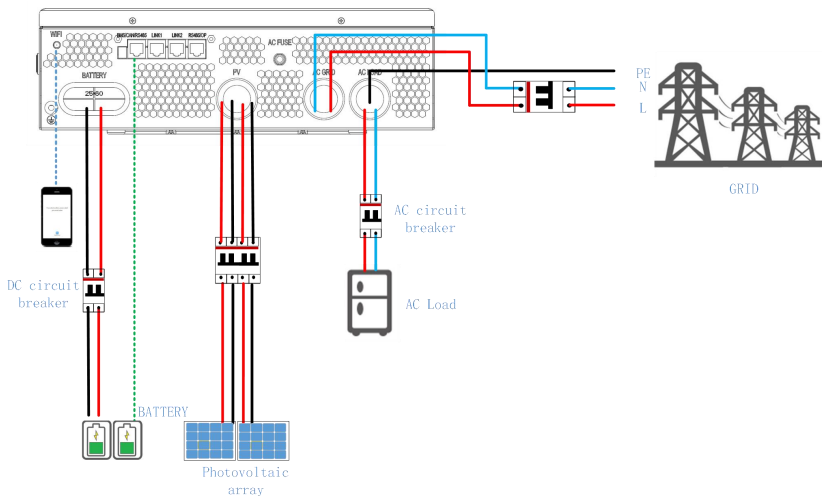
Before installation and maintenance, ensure that the AC/DC side is not powered on. The capacitors are still powered on for a period of time after the inverter is powered off. Therefore, wait at least five minutes to ensure that the capacitors are fully discharged. single -phase hybrid inverters are used in battery energy storage photovoltaic systems. Equipment can be damaged if not used as intended.

6.1 Electrical System Connection Diagram

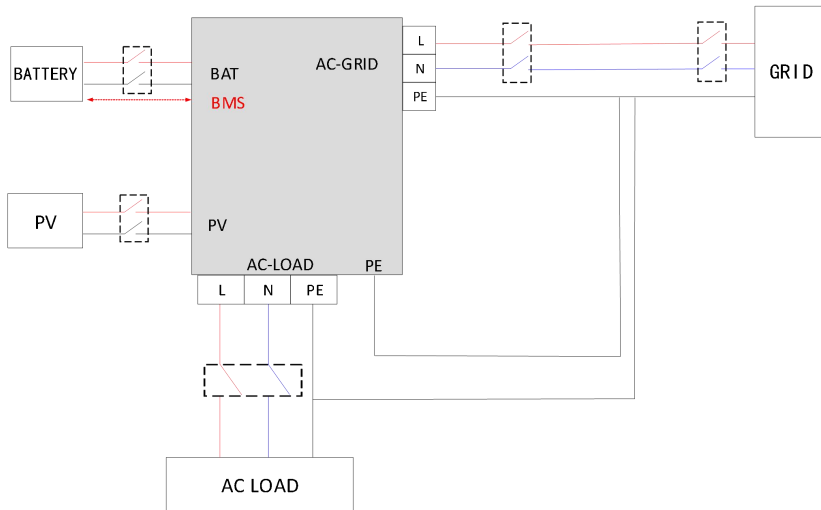


- Connect the N and PE cables to the AC GRID and AC LOAD ports of the inverters in different regions according to local regulations. For details, see local regulations.
- If the AC LOAD AC port is powered on after the inverter is started, power off the inverter to maintain the backup load. Otherwise, electric shocks may occur.
- Inverter AC GRID and AC LOAD AC ports have built-in relays. When the inverter is in off-grid state, the built-in AC GRID relay is in disconnected state; When the inverter is in the AC GRID state, the built-in AC GRID relay is in the closed state.

single phase off-grid inverter wiring system as following page: (structure schematic, non-electrical wiring standard).



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Recommended circuit breaker specifications: DC circuit breaker 120A; AC circuit breaker: 40A (of which the grid-side AC circuit breaker needs to be decided according to the actual load power used and local regulations).

Note: During final installation, circuit breakers for external connections to the inverter shall comply with IEC 60947-1 and IEC 60947-2 certification requirements.

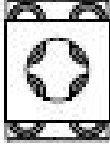
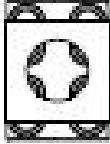
6.2 External Port Wiring Instructions

Select the cable size applicable to the parameters of the inverter according to its model.

Table 6-1 Cable Model and Specification Descriptions

Port	Definition	Cable type	Cable specification
	+: Connect to battery positive pole	Outdoor Multi-Core Copper Cable	Wire cross sectional area: 16mm ² ~25mm ²
	-: Connect to battery negative pole		
	+: Connect to PV positive pole	Outdoor Multi-Core Copper Cable	Wire cross sectional area: 4mm ² ~6mm ²
	-: Connect to PV negative pole		
	AC load port	Outdoor Multi-Core Copper Cable	Wire cross sectional area: 6mm ² ~10mm ²

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	AC grid port	L	Outdoor Multi-Core Copper Cable	Wire cross sectional area: 6mm ² ~10mm ²
		N		

6.3 Connecting the Ground Cable (PE)

 Attention

- Since the inverter is a transformer-free type, it is required that the positive and negative electrodes of the photovoltaic array cannot be grounded, otherwise the inverter will fail. In the photovoltaic power generation system, all non-current-carrying metal components (such as brackets, distribution cabinet enclosures, inverter enclosures, etc.) should be connected to the ground.

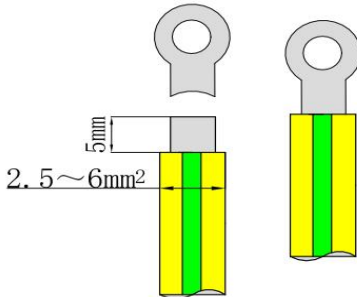


Figure 6.1 Schematic diagram of protection grounding

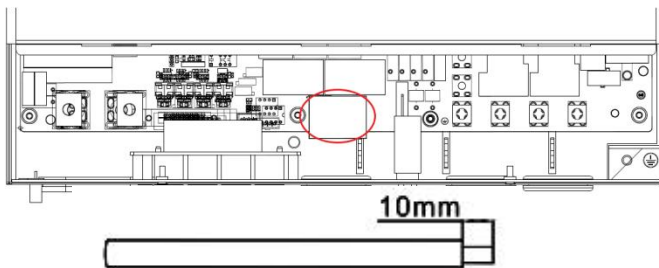
6.4 Connecting the PV Cable



- Do not connect the same PV series to multiple inverters. Otherwise, the inverters may be damaged.
- Before connecting the PV series to the inverter, confirm the following information. Otherwise, the inverter may be permanently damaged or fire may occur, which may cause personal and property loss.
- Ensure that the maximum short circuit current and maximum input voltage of each PV are within the allowable range of the inverter.
- Ensure that the positive terminal of the PV string is connected to the PV+ of the inverter, and the negative terminal of the PV string is connected to the PV- of the inverter.



- The PV string output does not support grounding. Before connecting the PV string to the inverter, ensure that the minimum insulation resistance to the ground of the PV string meets the minimum insulation impedance requirement.



6.5 Connecting the AC and Battery Cable



Battery cable connection:

- A battery short circuit may cause personal injury. However, a short circuit may release a large amount of energy, which may cause fire.
- Before connecting the battery cable, ensure that the inverter and battery are powered off, and the front and rear switches of the device are off.
- Do not connect or disconnect battery cables when the inverter is running. Improper operations may result in electric shock.
- Do not connect the same battery string to multiple inverters. Otherwise, the inverters may be damaged.
- Do not connect loads between the inverter and the battery.
- When connecting battery cables, use insulation tools to prevent accidental electric shock or battery short circuit.
- Ensure that the open circuit battery voltage is within the allowable range of the inverter.



AC LOAD, AC GRID cable connection

- Ensure that the AC cable matches the L, N, and ground ports of the AC terminal properly. Incorrect connection may cause device damage.
- Ensure that the cable core is fully connected into the wiring hole of the terminal.
- Ensure that the insulation board at the AC terminal is tightly fastened.
- Ensure that the cables are securely connected. Otherwise, the terminal may overheat and damage the device.

Battery cable connection:

- When connecting cables, the battery cable should match BAT+ and BAT- on the battery terminal.
- Ensure that the cable core is fully connected into the wiring hole of the terminal.
- Ensure that the cables are securely connected. Otherwise, the terminal may overheat

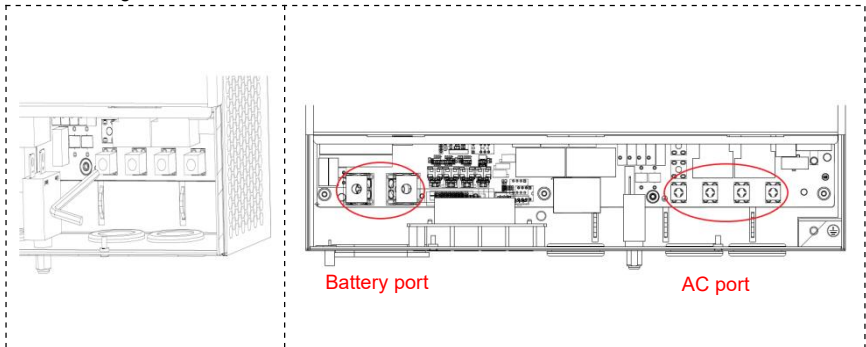
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and damage the device.

Step 1: According to the cable model and specification in Table 6-1, select the appropriate cable type and specification, and strip the cable insulation layer;

Step 2: Insert the wire core stripped of the insulation layer into the conductor crimping area of the copper post terminal, and press it tightly with M3 hex socket screws with a locking torque of 6.6kgf·cm. Make sure the connection is secure.

Step 3: Use a multimeter to check the positive and negative poles to ensure that the open circuit voltage is less than 60V;



The maximum current allowed through the circuit breaker for off-grid load to the external connection should be greater than or equal to 30A.

6.6 Installation of WIFI antenna

Tighten the WIFI antenna alignment knob.

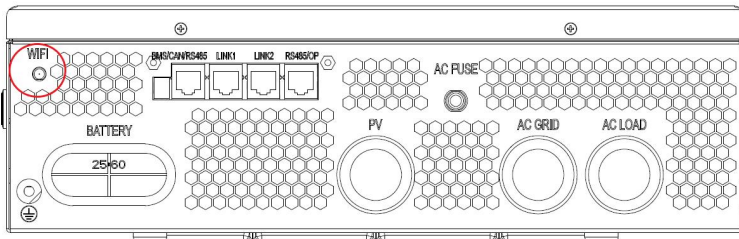


Figure 6.2 WIFI antenna installation diagram

6.7 Connecting the Communication Port

Multifunctional communication port, including meter communication, BMS communication, DRMS, parallel communication and external dry contact signal.

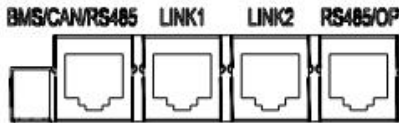


Figure 6.3 Interface diagram

The communication cable RJ45 socket pinout sequence is shown in Figure 6.8:

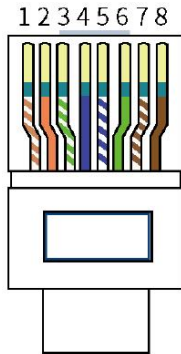


Figure 6.4 RJ45 Sequence of RJ45 crystal terminals

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Orange & White	Orange	Green & White	Blue	Blue & White	Green	Brown & White	Brown

6.7.1 BMS/CAN/RS485 Communication Connection

Table 6-5 Description of BMS/CAN/RS485 ports

PIN	Definition	Fuction	Note
1	TEMP_BAT	TEMP_BAT	① Communication with lithium batteries requires attention to the communication port order and pin definition of the battery; ② Pay attention to whether the port of the battery has prohibited wiring requirements;
2	/	NC	
3	/	NC	
4	CAN_A_H	CANH data	
5	CAN_A_L	CANL data	
6	GND_SELV	Grounding	
7	RS485_A_BMS	RS485A	
8	RS485_B_BMS	RS485B	

Table 6-6 Description o BMS/OP ports

PIN	Definition	Function	Note
1	OP2+	OP2+	
2	OP2-	OP2-	
3	OP1+	OP1+	
4	OP1-	OP1-	
5	/	NC	
6	GND_SELV	Grounding	
7	RS485_A_EEM	RS485_A_EEM	
8	RS485_B_EEM	RS485_B_EEM	

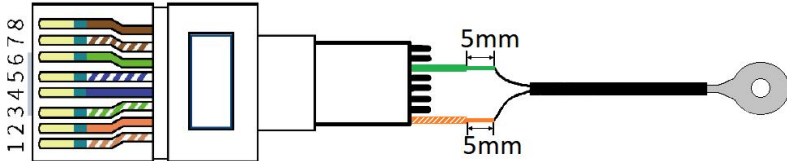
6.7.2 NTC connection for lead acid battery

① NTC connection for lead acid battery:

Prepare a standard network cable, cut the cable, the break in the green and orange wire stripping 5mm, and NTC pins welded together, as follows, to confirm that the weld is firm after using insulating tape to the two welded places were wrapped around the bandage, pay attention to avoid contact with exposed metal, to prevent short-circuiting affect the normal use.

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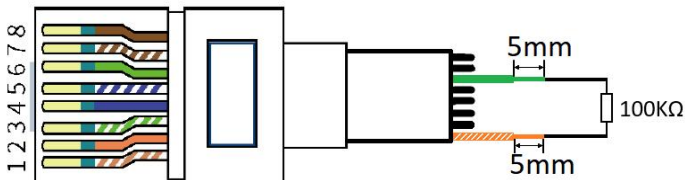
When using the lead battery, insert the completed NTC crystal head into the DRMS interface, and stick the NTC outside the lead battery.



② Do not use NTC connection

If the temperature sampling function is not needed when using the lead battery, users need to access a 100K Ω resistor according to the following method to ensure that the inverter can work properly:

Prepare a standard network cable and a 100K Ω resistor, cut the network cable, the break in the green and orange wire stripping 5mm, and 100K Ω resistor pins welded together, as shown below, to confirm that the weld is solid, use insulating tape to the two welds were wrapped around the wrap, pay attention to avoid contact with exposed metal, to prevent short-circuiting, which will affect the normal use. When using the lead battery, insert the completed 100K Ω resistor crystal head into the DRMS interface.



6.7.3 Paralleling

The parallel communication cable is wired as follows:

If there are more than one inverter to use, you need to use parallel inverter for communication, you need to use the normal network cable terminal to access the first inverter's link1, and the other end to connect the second inverter's link2, and so on.

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Three parallel inverter wiring method:

Connect GRID-L of each inverter together to the L wire of the grid side; connect GRID-N of each inverter together to the N wire of the grid side; connect PE of the grid side of each inverter together to the PE wire of the grid side.

On the load side, also connect LOAD-L of each inverter to the L line of the load, LOAD-N of each inverter to the N line of the load, and PE of each inverter to the PE line of the load. During the wiring process, it is also necessary to connect the PE wire of the load end to the PE wire of the grid side.

single phase parallel three-phase wiring method:

Connect the GRID-L of the first inverter to the L1 of the grid side, the GRID-L of the second inverter to the L2 of the grid side, and the GRID-L of the third inverter to the L3 of the grid side, and connect the GRID-N of each inverter together to the N wire of the grid side; connect the PE of the grid side of each inverter together to the PE wire of the grid side.

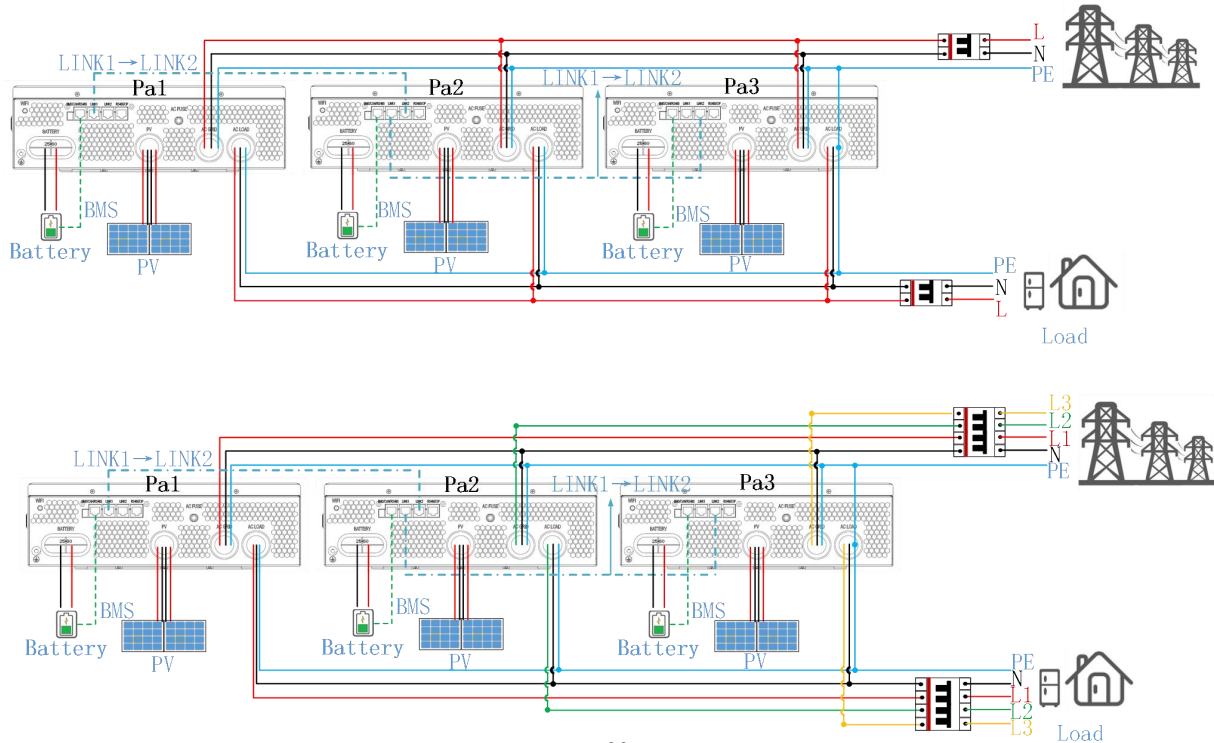
On the load side, connect LOAD-L of the first inverter to L1 of the load side, LOAD-L of the second inverter to L2 of the load side, and LOAD-L of the third inverter to L3 of the load side, and connect LOAD-N of each inverter to the N wire of the load side, and connect PE of each inverter to

Notes:

- Maximum support 3 inverters of the same model in parallel, need to set the parallel mode;
- Make sure the inverters are all connected to the parallel cable;
- The cable length specification of the AC LOAD end cable from the load end of the inverter connected to each unit needs to be the same to ensure that the loop impedance is the same and the load current is distributed to each inverter current is approximately equal;
- Ensure that the load power is less than the maximum parallel power;
- In order to prevent the customer's three-phase equipment from burning out, it is necessary to add phase loss protection circuit breakers externally;
- When three inverters are charged in parallel with three-phase, the input needs to be connected to three-phase AC power.

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The standard wiring for parallel operation is shown below.



7. Inverter Operation

7.1 Pre-power-on Inspection

Serial	Check the entry
1	The inverter is firmly fixed to the mounting bracket on the wall.
2	Cables are bundled according to cable routing requirements, properly distributed, and without damage.
3	PV+/PV-, BAT+/BAT- cables are firmly connected, the polarity is correct, and the voltage is within the accessible range.
4	The DC switch is properly connected between the battery and the inverter, and the DC switch is off.
5	The AC circuit breaker is correctly connected between the inverter port and the power grid, and the circuit breaker is disconnected.
6	The AC circuit breaker is correctly connected between the inverter load port and the power grid, and the circuit breaker is disconnected.
7	For lithium batteries, ensure that the communication cables are properly connected.

7.2 Initial Power-on

Follow these steps to turn on the inverter

- 1) Ensure that the inverter is not working;
- 2) Close the AC circuit breaker between the inverter On Grid port and the Grid;
- 3) Turn on the PV DC switch on the inverter (when connected to PV);
- 4) Turn on the battery and close the DC switch between the battery and the inverter;
- 5) The inverter starts to run after the self-test is successful;
- 6) Close the AC circuit breaker between the inverter Back up port and the load.

7.3 Working Mode

Note 1: Anti-reverse current function is enabled by default.

Note 2: APP set the minimum SOC range of the battery to 10%-80%

7.3.1 Self-use Mode (default mode)

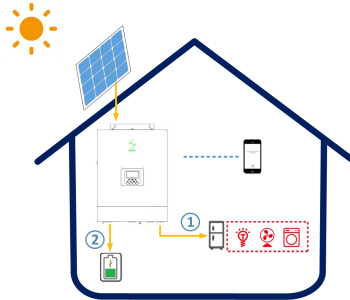
Function:

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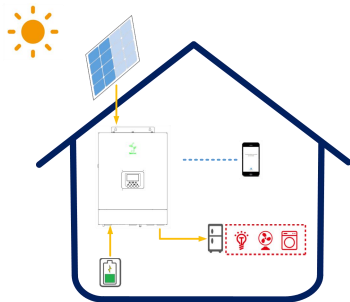
Give priority to the use of photovoltaic and battery energy, as far as possible not to use the energy of the grid.

Specific working mode:

- When the PV is sufficient, the PV priority for supplies power to the load, and excess power charges the battery.

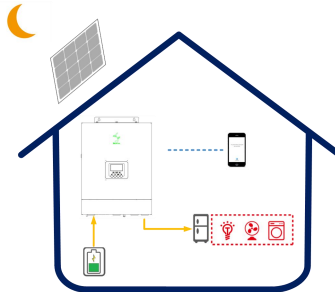


- If the PV is insufficient and the battery SOC is more than the minimum SOC, the load is powered by the PV and the battery.

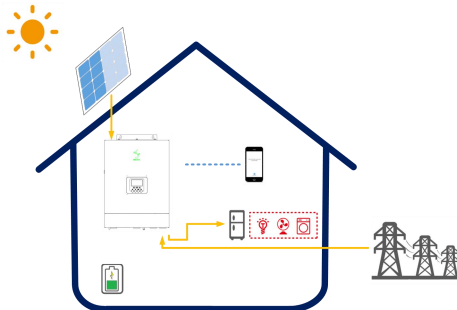


- If the PV is not working and the battery SOC is more than the minimum SOC, the battery

supplies power to the load.



- If the PV is insufficient and the battery SOC is less than the minimum SOC, then the PV and the grid supply power to the load and the battery standby.



- If the PV is not working and the battery SOC is less than the minimum SOC, the grid supplies power to the load and the battery standby.

7.3.2 Timed Charge Mode

Function:

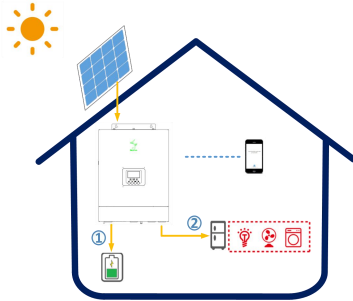
Users can set the time period for battery charging by themselves through the APP, and the charging power refers to the battery power.

Specific working mode:

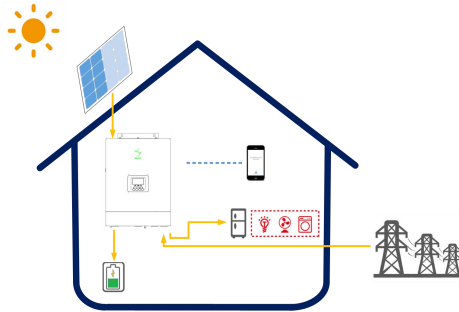
Charging period:

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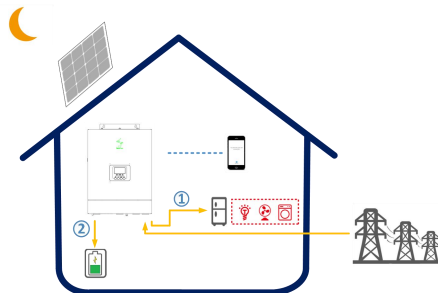
- When PV is sufficient, PV supplies power to loads and battery.



- When the PV is not sufficient, the PV and the grid supply power to the loads and battery.



- When the PV is not working, the grid supplies power to the load and battery.



- out of charge time period: self-use mode.

Note: The charging power is defined as the power of the inverter to charge the battery, and the discharge power is defined as the power of the inverter output.

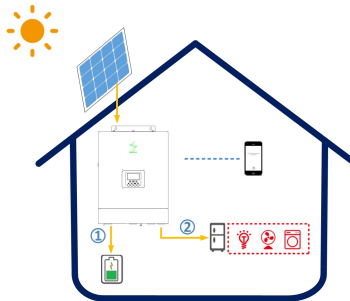
7.3.3 Backup mode/disaster recovery mode

Function:

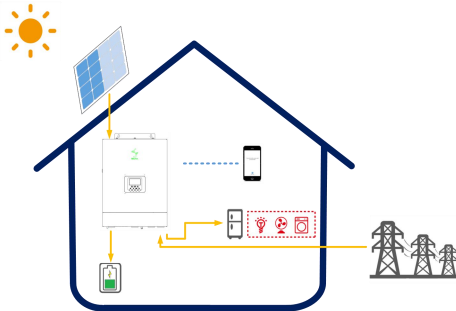
According to the user's needs, the battery can be set up for power reserve. User's can charge the battery fully in advance for use by the load in case of a power outage. Battery charging power in this mode is 5kw by default.

Specific working mode:

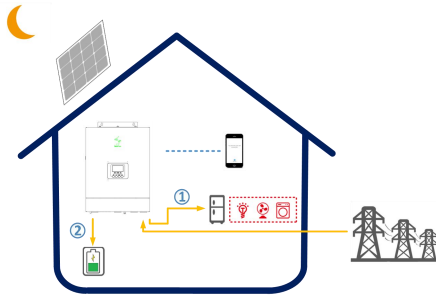
- When PV is sufficient, PV supplies power to loads and battery.



- When the PV is not sufficient, the PV and the grid supply power to the loads and battery.



- When the PV is not working, the grid supplies power to the load and battery.



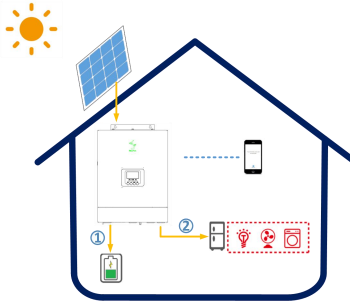
7.3.4 PV priority charging mode

Function:

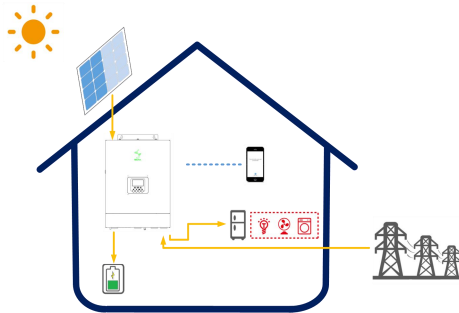
The PV energy charges the battery priority according to the user's needs.

Specific working mode:

- When PV is sufficient, PV supplies power to loads and battery.



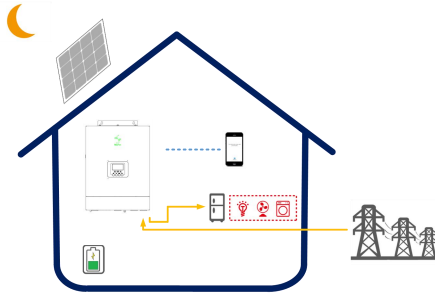
- When the PV is insufficient, the PV supplies power to the battery and the grid supplies



power to the loads.

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- When the PV is not working, the grid supplies power to the load and the battery standby.



7.4 Operating mode

Table 7-1 Explanation of Inverter Operation Modes

NO.	Operating mode	Description
1	Waiting	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Waiting phase after the inverter is powered on. ➤ When the conditions are met, enter the self check state. ➤ If there is a malfunction, the inverter enters a fault state.
2	Self Test	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Before starting the inverter, perform continuous self checks, initialization, etc. ➤ If the conditions are met, the inverter enters the grid connected state and starts grid connected operation. ➤ If the power grid is not detected, it will enter an off grid state and the inverter will operate off grid. ➤ If the self-test fails, it will enter a fault state.
3	AC GRID	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ The inverter is running normally on the grid. If it is detected that the power grid does not exist or the conditions do not meet the grid connection requirements, it will enter the off grid working state. ➤ If a fault is detected, it will enter a fault state. ➤ If it is detected that the grid conditions do not meet the

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		<p>grid connection requirements and the off grid output function is not enabled, it will enter a waiting state.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ If the grid conditions meet the grid connection requirements and the grid connection function is enabled after switching off the grid, the system will enter the grid connection state.
4	Off-grid	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ When the power grid is cut off or the grid conditions do not meet the grid connection requirements, the inverter switches to an off grid state and continues to supply power to the load. ➤ If it is detected that the grid conditions meet the grid connection requirements, it will enter the grid connection state. ➤ When the working mode is set to off grid mode before operation, the inverter works off grid. ➤ If a fault is detected, it will enter a fault state.
5	Fault	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ If a fault is detected, the inverter enters a fault state and waits for the fault to be cleared to restore its previous operating state.

8. System testing introduction

8.1 Functions of the display and control system

Users can use the screen to view or set up the inverter.

Table 8-1 LCD displays the parameter list

page number	Screen left parameters	Screen intermediate parameter	Screen right parameters
1	Battery 1 voltage	Function number	Battery 1 voltage output power
2	Battery temperature		load power

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3	PV voltage 1		PV power 1
4	PV voltage 2		PV power 2
5	Active power of phase A of the grid		Load voltage frequency
6	Grid voltage frequency		Load phase A current
7	Power grid phase A voltage		Load phase A voltage
8	Reservation		Load A looks at each other in power
9	Battery 1 Running status		Model input frequency class
10	Reservation		Device address

Table 8-2 Parameter setting table

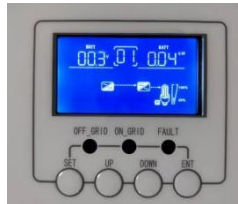
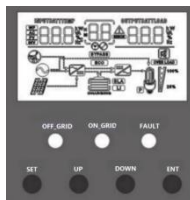
Parameter number	Parameter name	Option setting	Description
01	Maximum charging current	100A default	48V Set range: 0~100A;
02	Maximum discharge current	100A default	48V Set range: 0~100A;
03	Type of battery	0 Lithium battery	Set range: 0~10
		1 Super capacitor	
		2 Lead acid cell	
04	Floating charge voltage	54V default	Floating charge voltage Set range: 52V~56V
05	Equalizing voltage	56.4V default	Set range: 54V~59V
06	Equalizing the charge is enabled	default 0	Set range: 0,1
07	Capacity of battery	100A	1~999A

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08	Discharge cut-off voltage	42V default	Set range: 38V~44V
09	Special function	default 1	Set range: 0,1
10	Work mode	<div style="text-align: center;">0 self-use mode</div> <hr/> <div style="text-align: center;">1 Timed Charge Mode</div> <hr/> <div style="text-align: center;">3 Backup mode/disaster recovery mode</div> <hr/> <div style="text-align: center;">5 PV priority charging mode</div>	Set range: 0,1,3,5 default 0

8.2 Description of display and control system

LCD display control system includes LCD display, keys and indicators, schematic diagram and physical diagram as shown in the following figure.



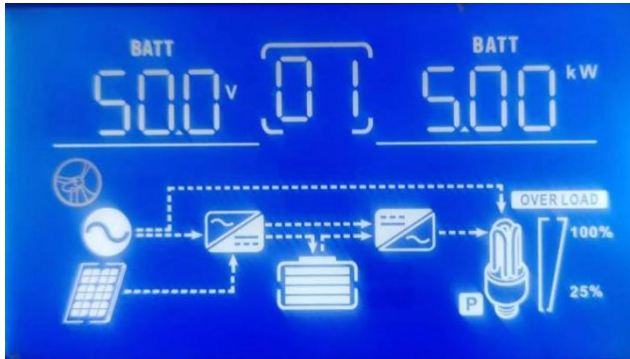
8.3 Operating instructions

There are 10 system parameters:

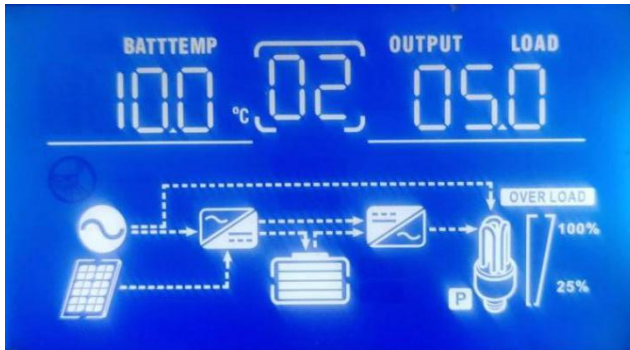
- Step 1: Press the up or down key.
- Step 2: View the ten parameters in sequence.

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The following figure shows the system parameter interface.

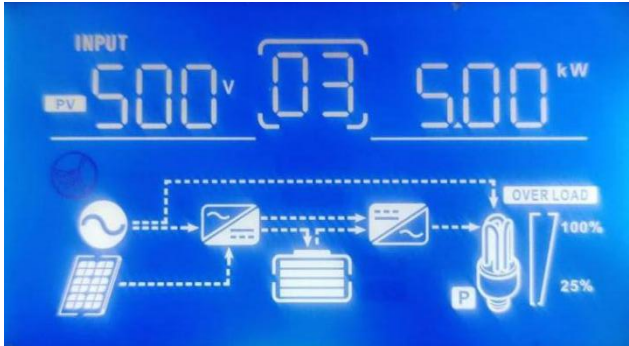


Battery voltage 1---- Battery power 1 Display diagram

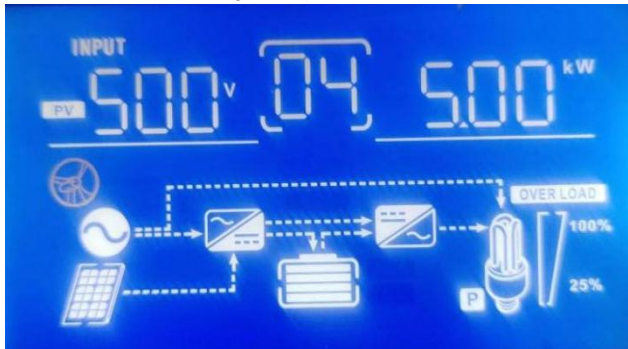


Battery temperature ---- load power display diagram

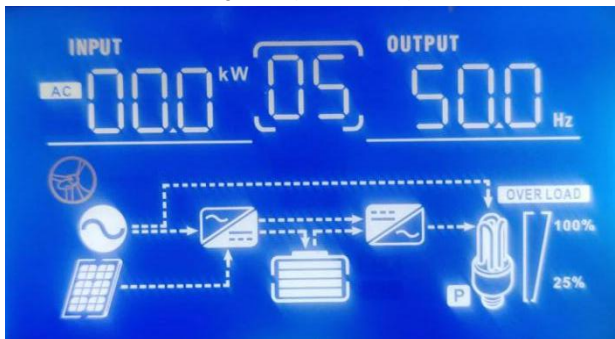
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PV voltage 1---- photovoltaic power 1

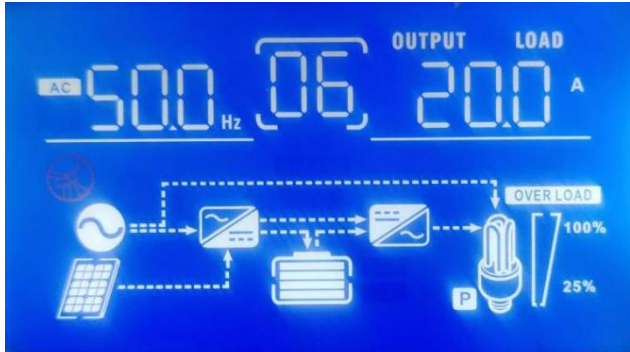


PV voltage 2---- photovoltaic power 2

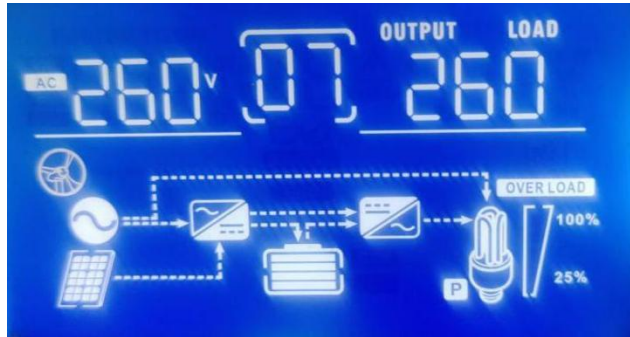


Grid A phase active power - load voltage frequency display diagram

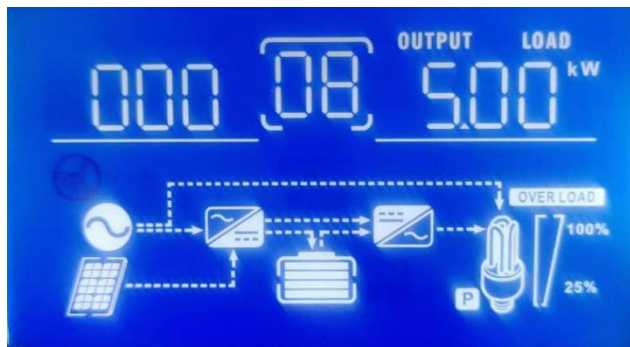
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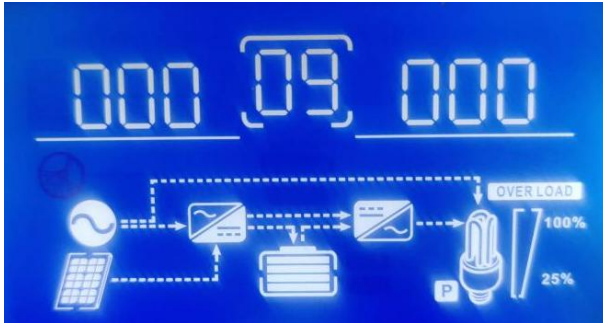
Grid Voltage Frequency - Load A Phase Current RMS Display Diagrams



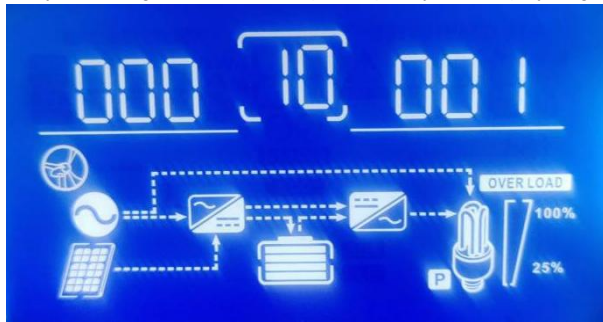
Grid Phase A Voltage - Load Phase A Voltage Display Diagram



Reserve - Load A Phase Apparent Power Display Diagrams



Battery 1 Running status -- Model input frequency level display diagram



Reserve - Device Address Display Diagrams

8.3.1 Set system parameters

Step 1: Press the SET to enter the setting item, and the setting icon appears in the middle.

Step 2: Press the UP or DOWN and select the parameter to be set.

Step 3: Press ENT to confirm the change, and the left screen flashes.

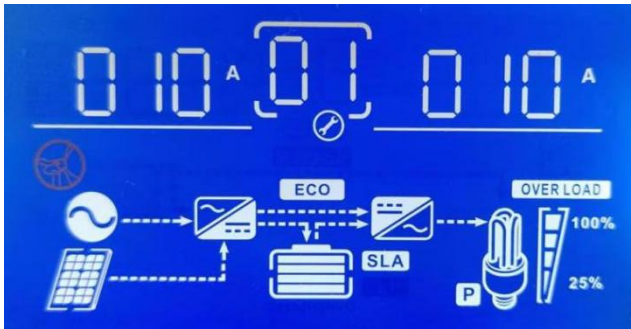
Step 4: Press UP or DOWN to change the parameter and press ENT again to save the changed parameter.

Step 5: Press the SET to quit.

The system can set 10 parameters totally. The following picture shows the parameter viewing and setting interface.



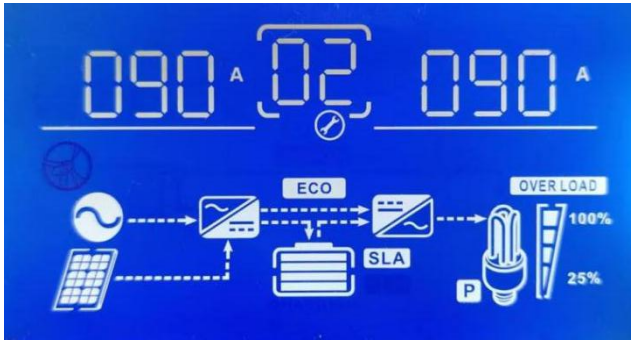
Maximum charging current setting display diagram



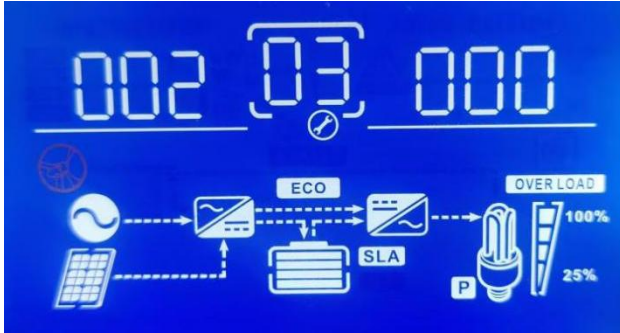
The maximum charging current setting is successfully displayed



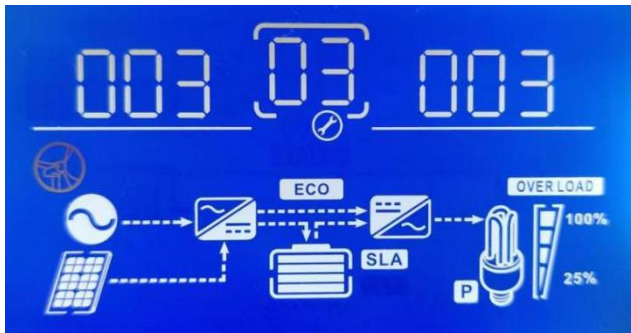
Maximum discharge current setting display diagram



Maximum Discharge Current Setting Successful Display Diagram



Battery type Settings display diagram



Battery Type Setting Successful Display Diagram



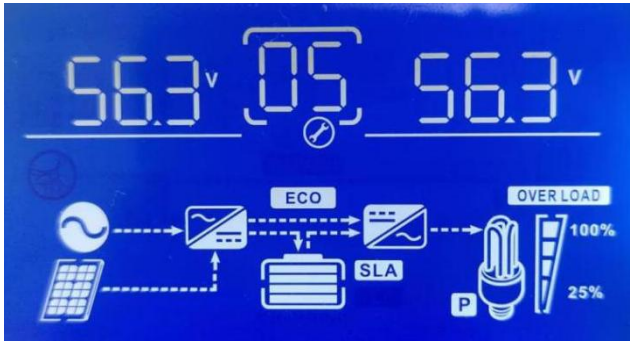
Lead battery float voltage setting display diagram



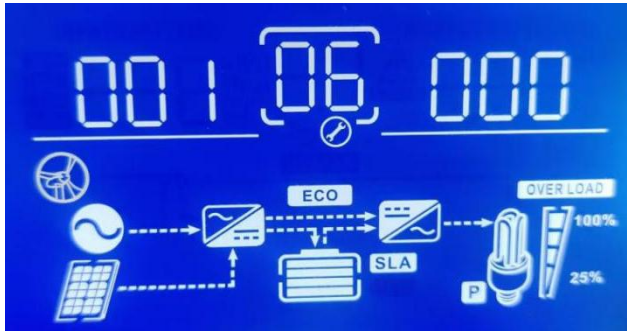
Lead battery float voltage setting successful diagram



Lead battery average charging voltage setting display diagram



Lead battery average charging voltage setting success diagram

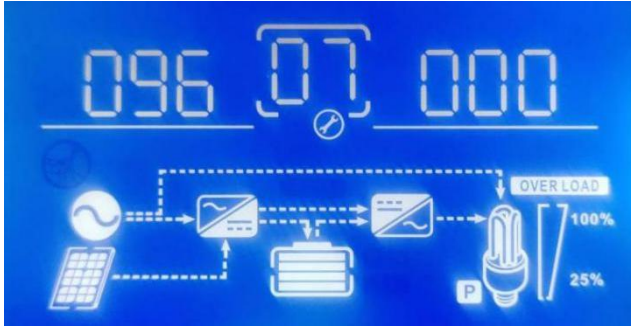


Lead battery average charging enable setting display diagram

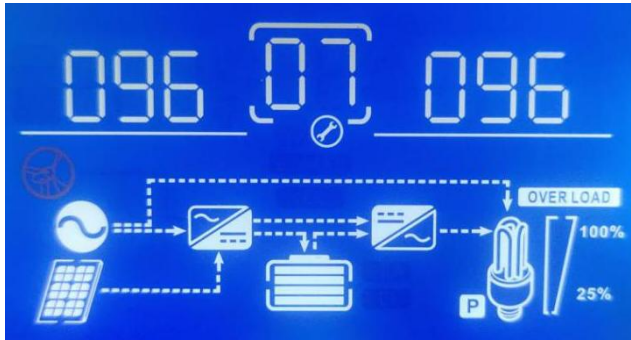


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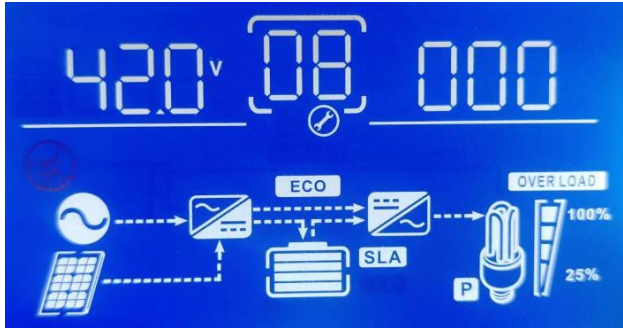
Lead battery average charging enable setting success display diagram



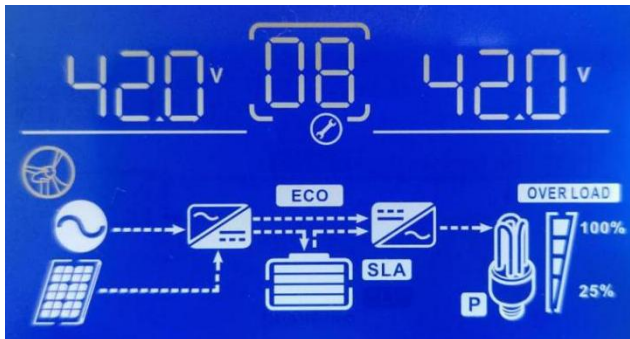
Battery 1 Capacity Setting Display Diagram



Battery 1 Capacity Setting Successful Display



Lead battery discharge under voltage setting display diagram



Lead battery discharge under voltage setting success display diagram

Note: After the system is successfully set, press the leftmost button to exit the setting screen. In this case, the screen icon is the same as that on the setting screen.

8.4 LED indicator status

Note: Input and output relative to product.

Table 8-3 Indicator status list

State	Indicator light			Judge the working condition
	Green	Yellow	Red	
Standby	Flicker 1s/Once			Inverter standby
Grid-connected	Always			The grid-connected PV

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-PV	on			operates without batteries	
Grid-connected -BAT	Always on			The grid-connected BAT operates without PV	
Grid-connected -BAT/PV	Always on			All three	
Off-grid -PV		Always on		No such condition	
Off-grid -BAT		Always on		Off-grid state BAT runs without PV	
Off- grid -BAT/PV		Always on		Off- grid state BAT runs without PV	
Alarm (no shutdown or power reduction)			Slow flicker 2s/Once	PV under voltage does not flicker	Alarm bit
Recoverable failures (DCDC or INV downtime)			Fast flicker 0.5s/Once		
Unrecoverable failure (DCDC or INV downtime)			Always on		

Table 8-4 Alarm classification table

No.	Alarm/fault name	Type	Note
1	Grid voltage abnormal	Recoverable fault	
2	Network frequency anomaly	Recoverable fault	
3	Power grid voltage reverse sequence	Recoverable fault	
4	The grid voltage is out of phase	Recoverable fault	
5	Output voltage anomaly	Recoverable fault	
6	Output frequency anomaly	Recoverable fault	

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7	Zero line anomaly	Recoverable fault	
8	Ambient temperature is too high	Recoverable fault	
9	Heat sink temperature is too high	Recoverable fault	
10	Insulation fault	Unrecoverable fault	
11	Leakage protection failure	Unrecoverable fault	
12	Auxiliary power failure	Recoverable fault	
13	Fan error	Recoverable fault	
14	Model capacity fault	Recoverable fault	
15	The surge arrester is abnormal	Recoverable fault	
16	Islanding protection	Recoverable fault	
17	Battery 1 is not connected	Recoverable fault	
18	Battery 1 overvoltages	Recoverable fault	
19	Battery 1 undervoltage	Recoverable fault	
20	Battery 1 Discharge terminates	Recoverable fault	
21	Battery 1 is reversed	Recoverable fault	
22	Battery 2 is not connected	Recoverable fault	
23	Battery 2 overvoltages	Recoverable fault	
24	Battery 2 undervoltage	Recoverable fault	
25	Battery 2 Discharge terminates	Recoverable fault	
26	Battery 2 is reversed	Recoverable fault	
27	PV 1 is not connected	Recoverable fault	
28	PV 1 Overvoltage	Recoverable fault	
29	PV 1 current equalization anomaly	Recoverable fault	
30	PV 2 is not connected	Recoverable fault	
31	PV 2 Overvoltage	Recoverable fault	
32	PV 2 uniform flow anomaly	Recoverable fault	
33	DC bus overvoltage	Unrecoverable fault	Several

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			locks
34	DC bus undervoltage	Recoverable fault	
35	DC bus voltage imbalance	Recoverable fault	
36	The PV 1 power tube is faulty	Recoverable fault	
37	The PV 2 power tube is faulty	Recoverable fault	
38	Battery 1 power tube is faulty	Recoverable fault	
39	Battery 2 power tube is faulty	Recoverable fault	
40	The inverter power tube is faulty	Recoverable fault	
41	System output overload	Recoverable fault	
42	Inverter overload	Unrecoverable fault	
43	The inverter is overloaded and times out	Recoverable fault	
44	Battery 1 is overloaded and times out	Unrecoverable fault	Several locks
45	Battery 2 is overloaded and times out	Unrecoverable fault	Several locks
46	The soft startup of the inverter fails. Procedure	Recoverable fault	
47	Battery 1 Soft startup failed. Procedure	Recoverable fault	
48	The soft startup of battery 2 fails. Procedure	Recoverable fault	
49	The DSP1 parameter Settings are faulty	Recoverable fault	
50	The DSP2 parameter Settings are faulty	Recoverable fault	
51	The DSP version is incompatible	Recoverable fault	
52	The CPLD version is incompatible	Recoverable fault	

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53	The CPLD communication is faulty	Recoverable fault	
54	DSP communication failure	Recoverable fault	
55	Output voltage direct current exceeds the limit	Recoverable fault	
56	Direct output current exceeds the limit	Recoverable fault	
57	Relay self-test failed	Unrecoverable fault	
58	Inverter exception	Recoverable fault	
59	Imperfect earth	Recoverable fault	
60	PV 1 Soft start fails	Recoverable fault	
61	PV 2 Soft start fails	Recoverable fault	
62	Balance circuit overload and timeout	Recoverable fault	
63	PV1 overload timeout	Recoverable fault	
64	PV 2 overload timeout	Recoverable fault	
65	PCB overtemperature	Recoverable fault	
66	DC converter overtemperature	Recoverable fault	
67	Bus slow overvoltage	Recoverable fault	
68	The off-network output voltage is abnormal	Recoverable fault	
69	Hardware bus overvoltage	Unrecoverable fault	
70	Hardware overcurrent	Unrecoverable fault	
71	DC converter overvoltage	Recoverable fault	
72	DC converter hardware overvoltage	Recoverable fault	
73	DC converter overcurrent	Recoverable fault	
74	DC converter hardware overcurrent	Unrecoverable fault	Several locks

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75	DC converter cavity overcurrent	Unrecoverable fault	Several locks
76	PV 1 reverse connection	Recoverable fault	
77	PV 2 reverse connection	Recoverable fault	
78	Battery 1 is low	Recoverable fault	
79	Battery 2 is low	Recoverable fault	
80	Lithium battery 1 Do not charge	Recoverable fault	
81	Lithium battery 1 Do not discharge	Recoverable fault	
82	Lithium battery 2 Do not charge	Recoverable fault	
83	Lithium battery 2 Do not discharge	Recoverable fault	
84	Lithium battery 1 full	Recoverable fault	
85	Lithium battery 1 Discharge termination	Recoverable fault	
86	Lithium battery 2 is full	Recoverable fault	
87	Lithium battery 2 Discharge terminates	Recoverable fault	
88	Load power overload	Unrecoverable fault	
89	The leakage self-test is abnormal	Unrecoverable fault	
90	The inverter overtemperature alarm is generated	Give an alarm	
91	The inverter is overheated	Recoverable fault	
92	DC converter overtemperature alarm	Give an alarm	
93	Parallel communication alarm	Give an alarm	
94	The system runs derated	Give an alarm	
95	Open inverter relay	Recoverable fault	

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96	Inverter relay short circuit	Recoverable fault	
97	The PV access mode is incorrect	Give an alarm	
98	The parallel module is missing	Recoverable fault	
99	The parallel module number is repeated	Recoverable fault	
100	Parameters of parallel modules conflict	Recoverable fault	
101	Reserved 4	/	
102	Reserved 5	/	
103	Inverter seal pulse	Recoverable fault	

9.App introduce

Users need to choose between a WiFi dongle or a 4G dongle when using the app.

ESS LINK: Please contact the manufacturer for operation and use, and refer to the ESS LINK operation and user manual.

Android: Please scan the QR code below to obtain it.

IOS: Please scan the QR code below or go to the App Store to search for ESS LINK download.



Android apk



Google play



IOS

10. Troubleshooting and Maintenance

This section will help users identify the possible causes of malfunction issues.

10.1 Alarm and solution

Table 10-1 Alarm Information List and Solutions

NO.	Error	Solution
1	High ambient temperature	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Please ensure that the inverter is installed in a place without direct sunlight. ● Make sure the inverter is installed in a cool/well-ventilated place. ● Please ensure that the inverter is installed vertically and the ambient temperature is lower than the upper temperature limit of the inverter. ● If the still exists, please refer your dealer or after-sales service center for help.
2	High radiator temperature	
3	Insulation fault	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Check the impedence of the PV string to the protective ground; if the resistance is greater than 16.67kΩ, it is normal; if the resistance is less than 16.67kΩ, please check the short circuit point and rectify it; check Whether or not the protective ground wire of the inverter is connected correctly. If power-on detection completed successfully, the alarm will be cleared automatically or a fault clearing command will be sent.
4	Battery 1 not connected	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Check whether or not the battery overvoltage setting is consistent with the battery specification. ● Please check whether the battery 1 is connected correctly or whether the voltage is abnormal. Once confirmed it is correct, the alarm will be
5	Battery 1 over voltage	
6	Battery 1 under	

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	voltage	automatically cleared or a fault clearing command will be sent.
7	Battery 1 discharge termination	
8	PV1 not connected	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Please check whether the connection of PV1 is correct or whether the voltage is abnormal. Once confirmed it is correct, the alarm will be automatically cleared or a fault clearing command will be sent.
9	PV1 over-voltage	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Check whether the PV series voltage is higher than the maximum input voltage of the inverter. If yes, adjust the number of PV modules and reduce the PV string voltage to fit the input voltage range of the inverter. After correction, the inverter will automatically return to normal state.
10	PV1 current sharing abnormal	
11	PV2 not connected	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Please check whether the connection of PV2 is correct or whether the voltage is abnormal. Once confirmed it is correct, the alarm will be automatically cleared or a fault clearing command will be sent.
12	PV2 over-voltage	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Check whether the PV series voltage is higher than the maximum input voltage of the inverter. If yes, adjust the number of PV modules in and reduce the PV string voltage to fit the input voltage range of the inverter. After correction, the inverter will automatically return to normal state.
13	PV2 current sharing abnormal	
14	DC bus over-voltage	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Turn off the switch in AC output side and DC input side, and turn off the switch in AC output side and DC input side after 5 minutes. If the fault still exists, please contact your dealer or
15	DC bus under-voltage	

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		after-sales service center for help.
16	Inverter overload	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Please check whether the inverter is working in the overload state. Once confirmed that it is normal, the alarm will be automatically cleared within 10 minutes or a fault clearing command will be sent.
17	Inverter overload timeout	
18	overload timeout	
19	PV1 overload timeout	
20	PV2 overload timeout	
21	Inverter soft start failed	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Inverter internal fault, turn off the inverter, wait for 5 minutes and then turn on the inverter, send fault clear command for soft start. If the fault still exists, please contact your dealer or after-sales service center for help.
22	Battery 1 soft start failed	
23	DSP1 parameter setting failure	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Check whether the parameter Settings are correct , the alarm will be automatically cleared once the parameter setting is correct.
24	DSP2 parameter setting failure	
25	DSP communication failure	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The alarm is cleared automatically after the SPI communication is normal.
26	Inverter abnormal	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> This alarm will be automatically cleared after other faults are cleared.
27	PV1 soft start failure	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Inverter internal failure, turn off the inverter, wait for 5 minutes and then turn on the inverter, send the fault clear command for soft start
28	PV2 soft start failure	

10.2 Regular maintenance



Warning

- Make sure that the inverter is disconnected from power.
- Wear personal protective equipment when operating the inverter.

Table 10-2 Maintenance Instructions

Maintain content	Maintenance methods	Maintenance Cycle
System cleaning	Check for foreign objects and dust on the heat sink and air inlet/outlet.	Once/Half a year~Once/Year
Electrical connection	Check whether the cable connection is loose or detached, whether the appearance of the cable is damaged, and whether there is copper leakage.	Once/Half a year~Once/Year

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11. Technical Parameter

Table 11.1 Technical Parameter Description

Model	Isuna 3000SO	Isuna 4000SO	Isuna 5000SO	Isuna 6000SO
Battery parameters				
Battery input number	1			
Battery type	Lithium/lead-acid			
Rated battery voltage	48V			
Battery voltage range	42V-58V			
Max voltage	5kW			
Rated charging and discharging power	60A	80A	100A	120A
Max charging and discharging current	60A	80A	100A	100A
Interface	RS485/CAN			
Maximum battery charging efficiency	94%(PV to Battery)			
Maximum battery discharging efficiency	94%(Battery to load)			

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PV input				
PV input number	2			
Max input power ^①	6600Wp	7000Wp	8000Wp	9000Wp
Input Voltage range	100~500V			
Starting voltage	120V (voltage more than 120V PV work)			
MPPT Full load voltage range	250~500V			
Rated input voltage	360V			
MPPT number	2			
MPPT string	1			
MPPT Max input current	18A			
MPPT max short circuit current	22A			
Remark①: Recommend two MPPT input independently, per MPPT max power no more than 4500W				
inversion parameter				
Rated grid connected voltage	220V			
Rated output power	3kVA	4kVA	5kVA	6kVA
Max output power	4.5kVA	6kVA	8kVA	8kVA
Max output current	13.6A	18.2A	22.7A	27.2A

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Rated grid frequency	50/60Hz
THDu	<3%
Switch time	≤20ms
Protection	
Insulation impedance testing	Integration
Residual current monitoring	Integration
Input reverse protection	Integration
Anti islanding protection	Integration
Overvoltage and overload protection	Integration
AC short circuit protection	Integration
AC overvoltage level	III
Battery and PV overvoltage level	II
Surge protection	Integration
Lightning Protection	Integration
General Parameters	
Installation method	Wall mounted

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Size	500mm*360mm*114mm
Weight	<20kg
Standby power loss	≤10W
Temperature range	-25℃~+60℃
Humidity range	≤95%
Noise	<25dB
Allowable altitude	<4000m
Cooling method	Natural cooling
IP Grade	IP65
Monitoring	LED/APP/WIFI/4G/Bluetooth (Optional)
Communication port	RS485/CAN/DRED/Dry contact/Parallel
Performance and Certification	
Parallel	Max 6 units in parallel
Warranty	5 years
CE-LVD	EN 62109-2:2011,EN 62109-1:2010
CE-EMC	EN61000-6-1, EN61000-6-2